



Institute for American Values
National Marriage Project

Why Marriage Matters

30 Conclusions from the Social Sciences

Does it matter if couples get and stay married?

In *Why Marriage Matters*, a diverse group of leading family scholars summarizes the findings on the difference that marriage makes

Family

- 1** Marriage increases the likelihood that fathers and mothers have good relationships with their children.
- 2** Children are most likely to enjoy family stability when they are born into a married family.
- 3** Children are less likely to thrive in complex households.
- 4** Cohabitation is not the functional equivalent of marriage.
- 5** Growing up outside an intact marriage increases the likelihood that children will themselves divorce or become unwed parents.
- 6** Marriage is a virtually universal human institution.
- 7** Marriage, and a normative commitment to marriage, foster high-quality relationships between adults, as well as between parents and children.
- 8** Marriage has important biosocial consequences for adults and children.

Economy

- 9** Divorce and unmarried childbearing increase poverty for both children and mothers, and cohabitation is less likely to alleviate poverty than is marriage.
- 10** Married couples seem to build more wealth on average than singles or cohabiting couples.
- 11** Marriage reduces poverty and material hardship for disadvantaged women and their children.
- 12** Minorities benefit economically from marriage also.
- 13** Married men earn more money than do single men with similar education and job histories.
- 14** Parental divorce (or failure to marry) appears to increase children's risk of school failure.
- 15** Parental divorce reduces the likelihood that children will graduate from college and achieve high-status jobs

Physical Health and Longevity

- 16** Children who live with their own two married parents enjoy better physical health, on average, than do children in other family forms.
- 17** Parental marriage is associated with a sharply lower risk of infant mortality.
- 18** Marriage is associated with reduced rates of alcohol and substance abuse for both adults and teens.
- 19** Married people, especially married men, have longer life expectancies than do otherwise similar singles.
- 20** Marriage is associated with better health and lower rates of injury, illness, and disability for both men and women.
- 21** Marriage seems to be associated with better health among minorities and the poor.

Mental Health and Emotional Well-being

- 22** Children whose parents divorce have higher rates of psychological distress and mental illness.

This Summary is adapted from *Why Marriage Matters: Thirty Conclusions from the Social Sciences*, 3rd edition, a publication of the Center for Marriage and Families at the Institute for American Values, www.americanvalues.org.

The Institute is a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization that brings together approximately 100 leading scholars—from across the human sciences and across the political spectrum—for interdisciplinary deliberation, collaborative research, and joint public statements on the challenges facing families and civil society.

**Obtain the full text of *Why Marriage Matters* or download this summary at:
www.americanvalues.org/wmm3.**

23 Cohabitation is associated with higher levels of psychological problems among children.

24 Family breakdown appears to increase significantly the risk of suicide.

25 Married mothers have lower rates of depression than do single or cohabiting mothers.

Crime and Domestic Violence

26 Boys raised in non-intact families are more likely to engage in delinquent and criminal behavior.

27 Marriage appears to reduce the risk that adults will be either perpetrators or victims of crime.

28 Married women appear to have a lower risk of experiencing domestic violence than do cohabiting or dating women.

29 A child who is not living with his or her own two married parents is at greater risk of child abuse.

30 There is a growing marriage gap between college-educated Americans and less-educated Americans.

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